AQA GCSE Combined Science - Trilogy | 8464

SPECIFICATION POINT 5.2.1.5

Metallic bonding

Past-paper questions

Tier	**Foundation**
Question groups	**1**
Available paper years	**2025–2025**

Using this booklet

1. Answer the questions in order and show your working.
2. Original question numbers and marks are retained.
3. Print at actual size (100%) for measuring questions.
4. Use the companion answer booklet to check your work.

Name: _____ **Date:** _____

Whole questions are retained for context, so some parts assess other specification points. Current and legacy sources are labelled. Continue on extra paper if needed.

5.2.1.5 Metallic bonding

Question 01

June 2025 | 8464/C/1F | Original Q2

0 2 Lithium, carbon, nitrogen, fluorine and neon are elements in the same row of the periodic table.

0 2 . 1 What is the chemical symbol of lithium?

Use the periodic table.

[1 mark]

_____

0 2 . 2 Lithium has metallic bonding.

Which electrons are involved in metallic bonding?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

- Delocalised electrons from the inner shell ☐
- Delocalised electrons from the outer shell ☐
- Fixed electrons in the inner shell ☐
- Fixed electrons in the outer shell ☐

Question 2 continues on the next page

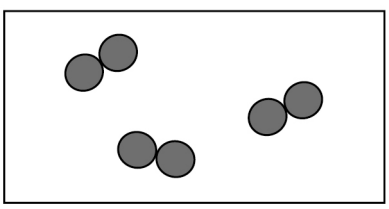
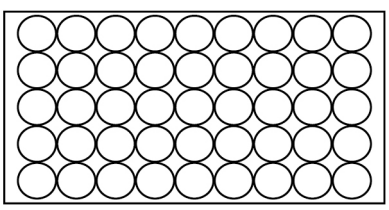
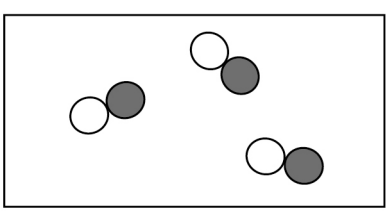
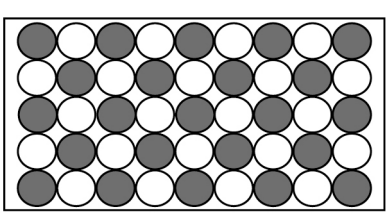
5.2.1.5 Metallic bonding

Question 01 · continued

0 2 . 3 Lithium reacts with fluorine to produce lithium fluoride.

Draw **one** line from each substance to the particle diagram that represents the substance.

[3 marks]

Substance	Particle diagram
Lithium solid	
Fluorine gas	
Lithium fluoride solid	
	

5.2.1.5 Metallic bonding

Question 01 · continued

0 2 . 4 **Table 2** shows the electrical conductivity of three substances.

Table 2

Substance	Electrical conductivity when solid	Electrical conductivity when liquid
C	Poor	Poor
D	Poor	Good
E	Good	Good

Lithium fluoride is an ionic compound.

Which substance is lithium fluoride?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

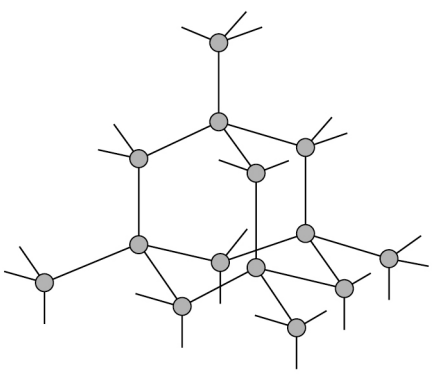
C ☐ **D** ☐ **E** ☐

Question 2 continues on the next page

0 2 . 5 Carbon can exist in different forms.

Figure 4 represents one form of carbon.

Figure 4



What is the name of the form of carbon in **Figure 4**?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

Buckminsterfullerene ☐

Diamond ☐

Graphite ☐

0 2 . 6 Carbon and fluorine form a compound with the formula CF_4

Calculate the relative formula mass (M_r) of CF_4

Relative atomic masses (A_r): C = 12 F = 19

[2 marks]

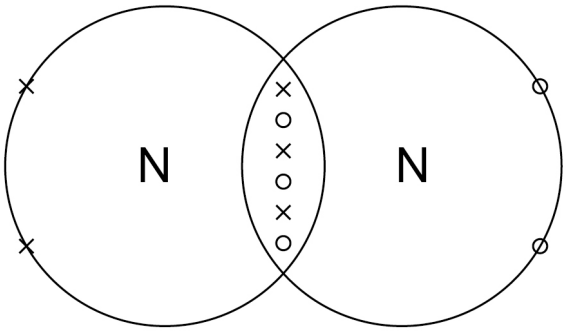
Relative formula mass (M_r) = _____

5.2.1.5 Metallic bonding

Question 01 · continued

0 2 . 7 **Figure 5** represents a molecule of nitrogen.

Figure 5



What is the total number of shared electrons in the covalent bond shown in **Figure 5**?

[1 mark]

_____

0 2 . 8 Lithium and nitrogen form a compound with the formula Li_3N

Complete the sentence.

Choose the answer from the box.

[1 mark]

nitrate	**nitride**	**nitrogen**

The name of the compound with the formula Li_3N is lithium _____.

Question 2 continues on the next page

5.2.1.5 Metallic bonding

Question 01 · continued

0 2 . 9 Neon does **not** react with other elements to form compounds.

Why is neon unreactive?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

Neon has a stable arrangement of electrons. ☐

Neon is a gas at room temperature. ☐

Neon is a non-metallic element. ☐

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